Permit	Description	Additional Information
	Center for I	Disease Control (CDC) Import Permit
CDC EAIP Biological Agent or Vectors of	Required for importation, interstate, and/or intrastate transport of human pathogens, as well as hosts and vectors of human disease.	 Human pathogens, hosts, and vectors of human disease must be permitted before transport into the U.S. Permitted materials include: Etiologic agents Animals
Human Disease Import Permit	Webpage: http://www.cdc.gov/od/eaipp/index.htm	Bats Arthropods Snails
	Contact: Centers for Disease Control & Prevention (404) 718-2077 importpermit@cdc.go	 All non-human primate materials and trophies It takes approximately 2 weeks to process permit applications. Permit expires after movement of material occurs.
		A lab inspection will be required before the permit is issued. Inspection checklists available from: http://goo.gl/RzI0N1
	United States Department of Agricult	ure (USDA) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS)
PPQ-525A Permit to	Required for importation of soil into the U.S. from foreign sources and movement of such soil within the continental U.S.	The PPQ-525A permit does not cover the importation of soil for extraction of biological material. A PPQ-526 permit must be issued for this purpose.
Receive Soil	Webpage: https://goo.gl/CkucJr	It may take up to 30 days for the permit to be processed once the paperwork is received. The permit will remain valid for up to 3 years from the date of issuance.
	Contact: USDA-APHIS-PPQ Pest Permits & Noxious Weeds 866-524-5421 pest.permits@aphis.usda.gov	A lab inspection will be required before the permit is issued and permit conditions will require the use of special color-coded shipping labels.
PPQ-526	Required for importation, interstate movement, possession, and/or release into the environment of	Examples of plant pests covered by PPQ-526 permits include: • Plant feeding insects and other arthropods
Permit to Move Live Plant Pests, Biological Control Agents,	plant pests, biological control organisms of plant pests and weeds, bees, parasitic plants, and Federally listed noxious weeds.	 Snails, slugs, and worms Plant pathogenic bacteria, viruses & fungi Soil for extraction of biological material
Bees, Parasitic Plants, Federal	Webpage: https://goo.gl/CkucJr	

Noxious Weeds,		Applications may be processed in as little as 30 days, but can be delayed due to the need for state
or Soil	Contact:	Department of Agriculture concurrence. Permits may be issued for up to 3 years and must be
	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	maintained for as long as the permitted material remains in use.
	Pest Permits & Noxious Weeds	
	866-524-5421	A lab inspection may be required before the permit is issued and permit conditions may require the
	pest.permits@aphis.usda.gov	use of special color-coded shipping labels.
		Important Notes:
		• A PPQ 526 permit is required for interstate movement of ALL plant pests, whether they occur in
		the destination state or not.
		• PPQ 526 permits are holder specific. If the permit holder leaves the University, the permits are
		void and no longer cover pathogens in use.
		• PPQ 526 permits are address specific. You must apply for a new permit if you wish to use an organism in a new location.
PPQ-546	Required for growing plants whose importation was	The plant material and all increases therefrom must be labeled by specific plant name, shipment
	subject to a post entry quarantine.	number, and date of importation. The plants must be separated from domestic stock of the same
Agreement for		genus or other imported pants by no less than 3 meters.
Post entry	Webpage:	
Quarantine	www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/ppq546.pdf	Examples of plants covered by PPQ-546:
		• Rubus spp.
	Contact:	• Chrysanthemum spp.
	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	• Dendranthema spp.
	Plant Protection & Quarantine	Leucanthemalla serotine
	866-524-5421	Nipponanthemum nipponicum
	plantsforplantingpermits@usda.gov	• Dianthus spp.
		• Hydrangea spp.
		• Humulus spp.
		Abnormality or death of plant material, requires appropriate State or Territory Official be notified
		within 30 days and dead plant material retained for collection by officials for analysis.
PPQ-585	Required for import of timber or timber products.	Examples of timber or timber products covered by PPQ-585:
		Temperate hardwood
Permit for	Webpage:	• Softwood
Importation of	www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/PPQ585.pdf	Untreated railroad ties
timber and		• Pinus radiate
timber products	Contact:	• Pseudotsuga menziesii
	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	Lumber from New Zealand

	Plant Protection & Quarantine	Lumber from Chile
	866-524-5421	• Tropical plantation grown trees
	wood.permits@usda.gov	• Timber regulated under CITES
PPQ-586 Application for	Required for the transport of plants, plant products, plant pests, or soil in cargo through the US.	The country of origin, port of arrival in the US, and all subsequent locations and stops the plants, plant products, plant pests, or cargo containing soil will or maybe transported through or stored in the US must be listed.
movement of	Webpage:	
plants, plant products, plant	www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/ppqform586.pdf	
pests, or soil in	Contact:	
cargo through	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	
the United States	Plant Protection & Quarantine 866-524-5421	
DDD E D D	ppq.transit.permits@usda.gov	
PPQ-587	Application to import plants or plant products into the United States.	The applicant must be a United States resident. All plants and plant products must be fully named and listed using their scientific name, the English common name should only be used as a last
Permit for		resort.
importation of plants or plant	Webpage: www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/PPQ587.pdf	If importing small lots of seed, they may require a phytosanitary certificate in addition to PPQ-587.
products		
	Contact:	
	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	
	Plant Protection & Quarantine	
	1-877-770-5990	
	pest.permits@aphis.usda.gov	
PPQ-588	Application for Controlled Import Permit (CIP) to import restricted or not authorized plant material	If the imported plant material is genetically engineered, the applicant must also apply for a BRS Import permit APHIS Form 2000.
Controlled	for experimental purposes	
Import of Plants		If the intent is to isolate and/or identify plant pets or pathogens from the imported plant material,
and Plant	Webpage:	the applicant must also apply for PPQ-526 permit.
Products for	www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/ppqform588.pdf	
Experimental,	Contact	
Therapeutic, or		
Developmental	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	
Purposes	Plant Protection & Quarantine	
	866-524-5421	1

	controlled.import.permits@usda.gov	
PPQ-621	Application for protected plant permit to engage in	Plants regulated by 50 CFR 17.12 and 23.23 and may be required to undergo quarantine in addition
	business of importing, exporting or re-exporting	to requiring this permit.
Protected Plant	terrestrial plants or plant products that are	
Permit to	protected	If importing wood products, PPQ-585 maybe required in addition to this permit.
Engage in the		
Business of	Webpage:	If importing regulated plant material, PPQ-587 maybe required in addition to this permit.
Importing,	www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/ppqform621.pdf	
Exporting, or		
Re-exporting	Contact:	
Protected	USDA-APHIS-PPQ	
Plants (CITES)	Plant Protection & Quarantine	
	866-524-5421	
	controlled.import.permits@usda.gov	
	USDA	APHIS Veterinary Services (VS)
VS 16-3	Required for the importation of certain animals &	Permit is issued for the importation in to the U.S. of organisms that may cause disease in livestock
	animal products and for the importation and	and poultry, vectors that could carry livestock and poultry pathogens, and/or organisms or vectors
Application to	interstate movement of bacteria, viruses, and prion	that were exposed to animals or animal products outside of the U.S.
Import	agents that are disease agents of livestock and	
or Transport	poultry.	It will take at least 4-6 weeks for the permit to be issued. It may take longer if the permit is for an
Controlled		organism that must be handled at BSL-3 and/or an inspection is required.
Material	Webpage:	
or Organisms or	https://goo.gl/3rUh6w	Important Notes:
Vectors		• A VS permit is required for interstate movement of ALL livestock and poultry pathogens, whether
	Contact:	they occur in the destination state or not.
	USDA-APHIS-VS	 Zoonotic pathogens must be permitted by both APHIS-VS and the CDC EAIPP.
	301-851-2239	• A VS permit is not required for possession of previously imported materials.
	ov@aphis.usda.gov	
VS 16-7	Supplemental form to VS 16-3 to provide additional	Application for VS 16-3 permit is required in addition to usage of the supplemental VS 16-7 form
	information for import of cell cultures and their	when importing cell cultures or products that may cause disease in livestock and poultry.
Application for	products	
Permit to		Cell culture products include but are not limited to:
Import Cell	Webpage:	 Monoclonal antibodies, recombinant products, extracts Viruses
Cultures and	www.aphis.usda.gov/library/forms/pdf/VS_16_7.pdf	
their Products		
	Contact:	
	USDA-APHIS-VS	
	301-851-2239	

	ov@aphis.usda.gov	
VS 17-129	Permit to allow for import or transit of live animals, animal germplasm (semen, ova, embryos, and	Each animal species and material type (commodity) for import or transit will require its own VS 17-129 form.
Application for	cloning tissue), birds, poultry, or hatching eggs.	
Import or in		Some animal species may require additional APHIS Permits prior to import, the eFile permit
Transit Permit	Website: https://www.efile.aphis.usda.gov/	application will aid in listing which commodities require additional permits, conditions (additional certificates or documentation needed), or are inadmissible for import regardless of permits. The
	Contact:	eFile permit application will also display the Quarantine section when applicable based on
	USDA-APHIS-VS	commodity being imported and provides additional information on required quarantine.
	301-851-3300	
	vs.live.animals.import.permits@usda.gov	
APHIS Form 2000 BRS Permit for the Introduction of	Required for the importation, interstate movement, or environmental release of certain genetically engineered (GE) organisms. Webpage: https://goo.gl/EXFwYX	APHIS issues permits for the introduction of genetically engineered organisms, including plants, insects, or microbes that may pose a plant pest risk. Thus, there must be a plant pest component involved in the modification process, or the organism used in the engineering process must be an unclassified organism, or there must be reason to believe that the resulting organism is or will be a plant pest.
GE		Two types of regulated articles may not require a permit for interstate movement if certain
Organisms	Contact:	conditions are met:
	USDA-APHIS-BRS 301-851-3877	• Strains of <i>Escherichia coli</i> (K12 and its derivative) that contain genetic material derived from a plant pest.
	Biotechquery@aphis.usda.gov	• Plant or plant parts of <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> containing genetic material derived from a plant pest stably integrated in the plant genome.
		Permit applications should be submitted at least 60 days prior to the first proposed importation or interstate movement of regulated GE organisms and at least 120 days prior in advance of proposed release into the environment.
		All introductions are subject to inspection by Federal and or state inspectors.
		US Fish and Wildlife
3-200-3a	Import/Export Licenses are issued to entities before	Import/Export Licenses are separate from any other permits that is issued by the USFWS. Other
US Fish and	they can commercially import into or export from the United States shipments containing wildlife.	USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an Import/Export license if wildlife shipments will be imported/exported.
Wildlife	Website:	CITIES Species List: <u>Species+ (speciesplus.net)</u>

Import/Export	https://www.fws.gov/elicense/	
License	Contact: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Office of Law Enforcement 703-358-1949	Permit applications should be submitted at least 60 days prior to date needed. License is valid for up to one year.
3-200-7 Migratory Bird and Eagle Scientific Collecting	lawenforcement@fws.govPermit authorizes collection, transport or possession of migratory birds, their parts, nests, or eggs for scientific research or specimen collection purposes.Website: 3-200-7 - Migratory Bird and Eagle Scientific Collecting (servicenowservices.com)Contact: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Permit Office 431-253-8643 Permitsr5mb@fws.gov	Review Title 50 Parts 10, 13, and 21.23 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Migratory Bird Scientific Collecting permit authorizes collection, transport or possession of migratory birds, their parts, nests, or eggs for scientific research or educational purposes. Eagle Scientific Collecting permit authorizes collection, transport within the US, and possession of bald eagles and/or golden eagles, their parts (including feathers, toenail clippings, blood, DNA, and other samples), nests, and/or eggs. Migratory birds may have import/export authorization request be added to permit and do not require a separate Migratory Bird Import/Export permit application. A separate Eagle Transport permit application is required for international transport of bald eagles and/or golden eagles. Permit applications may take longer than 90 days to process.
3-200-27 Export of Wildlife Removed from the Wild (live/samples/ part/products)	Exporting a live animal or plant, its parts, or products derived from a CITE-listed species removed from the wild. Website: <u>https://www.fws.gov/service/3-200-27-export-wildlife-</u> <u>removed-wild-livesamples-partsproducts-under-cites</u> Contact: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 1-800-344-9453 managementauthority@fws.gov	In Addition to Permit 3-200-27 an Export Licenses must be applied for and issued by the USFWS Office of Law Enforcement. Other USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an Export license if wildlife shipments will be exported. CITIES Species List: <u>Species+ (speciesplus.net)</u> Permit applications should be submitted at least 60 days prior to date needed. License is valid for up to one year.
3-200-29	Application is used to apply for export or re-export of biological samples for biomedical or scientific	In Addition to Permit 3-200-29 an Export Licenses must be applied for and issued by the USFWS Office of Law Enforcement. Other USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an Export license if wildlife shipments will be exported.

Export/Re-	purposes for CITES- Appendix II or III listed species	
export of	only.	
Wildlife		Not for use with U.S. Endangered Species Act listed species or CITES Appendix I species.
Samples and/or	Website:	
Biomedical	https://www.fws.gov/service/3-200-29-exportre-export-	If conducting multiple exports or part of an overarching program, a Master File must first be
Samples (CITES)	wildlife-samples-andor-biomedical-samples-cites	established. A Master File is valid for at least one year, not to exceed 3 years.
	Contact:	
	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service	
	1-800-344-9453	
	managementauthority@fws.gov	
3-200-37d	Application covers activities involving interstate	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service's Endangered Species Act Program: Listing and Classification U.S. Fish &
	commerce in non-native ESA-listed animal	Wildlife Service (fws.gov)
Interstate or	specimens or foreign commerce in native and non-	
Foreign	native ESA-listed animal specimens, whether live or	ESA-Listed Species: eCFR :: 50 CFR 17.11 Endangered and threatened wildlife.
Commerce of	dead, including any readily recognizable parts,	
Live	products, or derivatives.	
Animals/Sampl		
es/or Products	Website: <u>3-200-37d: Interstate or Foreign</u>	
(ESA)	Commerce of Live Animals/Samples/or Products	
	(ESA) U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (fws.gov)	
	Contact:	
	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service	
	1-800-344-9453	
	managementauthority@fws.gov	
3-200-37e	Application covers activities involving CITES and	In Addition to Permit 3-200-37e an Import/Export Licenses must be applied for and issued by the
	ESA-listed animal specimens used for scientific	USFWS Office of Law Enforcement. Other USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an
Import/Export/	research, including any readily recognizable parts,	Import/Export license if wildlife shipments will be imported/exported.
Re-Export of	products, or derivatives unless otherwise noted in	
Biological	the Appendices.	CITIES Species List: <u>Species+ (speciesplus.net)</u>
Specimens	Website:	ESA Listed Species: aCEP :: EQ CEP 17.11 Endangered and threatened wildlife
(CITES/ESA) for Scientific	https://fwsepermits.servicenowservices.com/fws?id=fws_	ESA-Listed Species: <u>eCFR :: 50 CFR 17.11 Endangered and threatened wildlife.</u>
Research	kb_view&sys_id=fbe611ea1b1b14104fa520eae54bcb97	Please allow for at least 90 days for application to be processed. Any permit request involving an
NESCALCI		ESA endangered species must be published in the Federal Register for a required 30-day public
	Contact:	comment period.
		comment period.

	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 1-800-344-9453 <u>managementauthority@fws.gov</u>	
3-200-69 Transport of Bald & Golden Eagles from U.S. for Scientific/Exhibi tion Purposes (CITES)	Application covering transport of US eagles or eagle parts from the US for scientific or exhibition purposes. Website: www.fws.gov/media/3-200-69-application-form- transport-bald-and-golden-eagles-scientific-exhibition Contact: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Permit Office 431-253-8643 Permitsr5mb@fws.gov	 Covered US Eagles under permit 3-200-69: Bald Eagle (<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>) Golden Eagle (<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>) Permit falls under Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA). Eagle items may be transported out of the US on a temporary basis only as BGEPA prohibits permanent exportation. The ownership must remaining unchanged and all items must be returned unchanged to their sender at the conclusion of the exhibition. If other species listed under CITES or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act are being transported along with the eagle, they may be included on this application. In Addition to Permit 3-200-69 an Export Licenses must be applied for and issued by the USFWS Office of Law Enforcement. Other USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an Export license if wildlife shipments will be exported to outside the US.
3-200-73 Re-Export of Wildlife (CITES)	Permit to allow for re-exporting of CITES Appendix II or III specimens. Website: www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/3-200- 73_CITES_reexport_of_wildlife_v3%28508%29.pdf Contact: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Division of Management Authority 1-800-344-9453 managementauthority@fws.gov	In Addition to Permit 3-200-73 an Export Licenses must be applied for and issued by the USFWS Office of Law Enforcement. Other USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an Export license if wildlife shipments will be exported to outside the US If specimens have not been altered or changed since they were originally exported into the United States, the application may be submitted to the Division of Management Authority or to the Office of Law Enforcement. If any changes have occurred to the specimen, the paperwork must be submitted to the Office of Law Enforcement in the region where the applicant is located or where their import/export license was issued.

3-200-82	Application covering transport of US eagles or eagle	Covered US Eagles under permit 3-200-82:
0 100 01	parts into the US for Scientific or exhibition	Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus)
Eagle Transport	purposes.	• Golden Eagle (Aquila chrysaetos)
Eagle Transport into the U.S. for Scientific/Exhibi tion Purposes (CITES)	purposes. Website: https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/3- 200-82App.pdf Contact: U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Permit Office 431-253-8643 Permitsr5mb@fws.gov	 Golden Eagle (<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>) Permit falls under Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA). Eagle items may be transported into the US on a temporary basis only, BGEPA prohibits permanent importation. The ownership must remaining unchanged and all items must be returned unchanged to their sender at the conclusion of the exhibition. Eagle items include feathers, toenail clippings, blood, DNA, and other biological samples, nests, and/or eggs. Live eagles or viable eagle eggs cannot be transported into or out of the United States with permit 3-200-82. If other species listed under CITES or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act are being transported along with the eagle, they may be included on this application. In Addition to Permit 3-200-82 an Import Licenses must be applied for and issued by the USFWS Office of Law Enforcement. Other USFWS permits do not replace the necessity for an Import license if wildlife shipments will be exported. In addition, Permit 3-200-69 [Transport of Bald & Golden Eagles from U.S. for Scientific/Exhibition Purposes (CITES)] will be required to return the eagle items after the exhibition is finished.
FWS Form 3-	National Wildlife Refuge System Special Use Permit	Research and Monitoring Special Use Permits are valid for students, universities, and other non-
1383-R	(SUP) to engage in permitted research and monitoring activities on national wildlife refuge	FWS organizations to conduct research on wildlife refuge land. Falls under 50 CFR 26.36 and 36.41 regulations.
Research and	land.	Dragnostivo normit holdors movifill out the corresponding analisation wint it sign it and actum it
Monitoring Special Use	Website: Research and Monitoring (fws.gov)	Prospective permit holders may fill out the corresponding application, print it, sign it, and return it to the specific refuge in question for processing. The permit is not valid until approved and signed
Permit		by a refuge official.
Application	Contact:	
	U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service	
	1-800-344-9453	
	managementauthority@fws.gov	
		epartment of Environmental Protection
NJDEP	Required to handle or attempt to handle native	No potentially dangerous species of any kind may be obtained without prior written approval.
Scientific	wildlife for the purpose of surveys, sampling,	
Holding Permit	tagging, or species identification.	

NJDEP Scientific Collecting Permits for NonGame Wildlife only	Website: https://dep.nj.gov/wp-content/uploads/njfw/scientific- holding-permit-initial-application.pdf Contact: State of New Jersey Fish & Wildlife Exotic & Nongame Permits 609-223-6055 njwildlifepermits@dep.nj.gov Applications for collecting of nongame wildlife for scientific purposes. Website: https://www.nj.gov/dep/fgw/pdf/xotic_sci_collectingapp. pdf Contact: State of New Jersey Fish & Wildlife Endangered & Nongame Permits 609-292-9400 scientificcollectingpermits@dep.nj.gov	Restrictions are in place from the CDC regarding possession and sales of Spiny mice, pygmy mice, zebra mice, and dormice. Importation of all Cervidae species [including but not limited to: white-tailed deer, black tailed deer, mule deer, red deer, sika deer, muntjac, reindeer, elk, and moose] are prohibited under this permit due to concerns of Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) spreading to farmed herds or wild deer populations throughout the United States. Any applicate regarding regulated hoofed stock from outside of New Jersey, must also include the current USDA permit and health certificates. A federal permit (3-200-7) may also be required to remove active native bird nests or bird parts. Do not submit this application for any other species, including freshwater fish, marine fish, and shellfish. No collection activities are authorized until the application is received and permit issued. Collecting activities may only be conducted by permittees and subpermittees in the field. Any new sites, activities, subpermittees, conditions, etc. must be requested in writing for an amendment to the scientific collecting permit. Collection of NJ Endangered and Threatened Species is strictly prohibited under this permit and would require an NJDEP Endangered Species Permit. Minimum of four weeks required for processing of permit with amendments requiring minimum of two weeks. Additional State and Federal USDA, US Fish and Wildlife Service permits may be required depending on wildlife with specific attention to migratory birds.
NJDEP Endangered Species Permit	Permit issued by New Jersey state to possess endangered species. Website: https://dep.nj.gov/wp- content/uploads/njfw/endangered-species-permit-initial- application.pdf Contact:	Additional State and Federal permits including USDA-APHIS or USFWS Endangered Species permits may be required. Issuance of a permit by NJDEP Fish & Wildlife does not exempt the permittee from any other federal, state, or local requirements or permits to possess said species. New Jersey endangered species regulations fall under N.J.A.C. 7:25-4.14

	State of New Jersey	
	Fish & Wildlife	
	Exotic and Nongame permits	
	609-223-6055	
	njwildlifepermits@dep.nj.gov	
		Rutgers Specific Permits
Rutgers	Rutgers Export Control regulates what is allowed to	The Rutgers Export Control Office (RECO) has delegated Rutgers authority in export control and will
University	be exported from Rutgers University to foreign	assist with full compliance with any applicable export regulations and/or laws.
Export Control	persons or universities.	
		RECO will notify applicant if an addition Export License is required and the RECO will apply for the
	Website:	license on applicant's behalf as needed.
	https://policies.rutgers.edu/B.aspx?BookId=12047&Pagel	
	d=459402&Search=Export	
	Contact:	
	Rutgers University	
	Export Control Office	
	732-379-2772	
	Export-support@reasearch.rutgers.edu	

Informing REHS Biosafety about Permits

- While applying for permits, screenshot the application page(s) prior to submitting it. This screenshot will contain information that is not readily available on the approval letter or once the application has been submitted.
- In Rutgers Biosafety Protocol Management System, update the beginning of the IBC protocol title depending on permit type
 - CDC: "CDC [IBC Title]"
 - USDA APHIS PPQ: "PPQ [IBC Title]"
 - USDA APHIS VS: "VS [IBC Title]"
 - USDA APHIS BRS: "BRS [IBC Title]"
 - CITES: "CITES [Title]"
 - CDC & USDA APHIS PPQ: "CDC PPQ [IBC Title]"
- Add screenshotted Permit application and the approval letter to BPMS file cabinet. These must be retained/saved in the IBC file cabinet until the permitted material is no longer in possession of the PI or anyone with whom the material was previously shared.
- Please reach out to biosafety@rutgers.edu for a 1-on-1 BioAudit in relation to the facilities associated with the permit